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## REPORT TO: EQUALITY AND DIVERSITY CORPORATE ADVISORY FORUM ON 11 OCTOBER 2013

# SUBJECT: STATISTICAL BULLETIN – RELEASE 2A

# BY: EQUAL OPPORTUNITIES OFFICER

# 1. REASON FOR REPORT

1.1 The National Records of Scotland released the latest results of the 2011 census on 26 September 2013. The report gives details per local authority on the protected characteristics of marriage and civil partnership, ethnicity, religion, and disability. They are the most up-to-date and complete statistics for Moray on these protected characteristics.

## 2. <u>RECOMMENDATION</u>

- 2.1 The Equality and Diversity Corporate Advisory Forum is asked to note and consider the 2011 Census key results on population, ethnicity, identity, language, religion, health, housing and accommodation in Scotland.
- 2.2 The Equality and Diversity Corporate Advisory Forum is asked to ensure that the statistics are made available within their service to assist officers in carrying out tasks that have a relevance to the Public Sector Equality Duties.

## 3. BACKGROUND

- 3.1 The first results for Scotland of the 2011 Census (Release 1A) were published in December 2012. These gave the overall population of Scotland at 27 March 2011, population by sex, population density and long term trends. These statistics were aggregated by council area. Releases 1B and 1 C give further rounded estimates by age, househould sizes and whether people are living in a household or communal establishment.
- 3.2 Release 2A gives the first set of data covering population, ethnicity, identity, language, religion, health and housing and accommodation. These are presented at Scotland, Council Area and Health Board level. Some of the key data for Scotland are:
  - 3.2.1 For the first time in a census there are more people aged 65 and over than under 15.
  - 3.2.2 Four per cent of people in Scotland were from minority ethnic groups (not including Gypsies/Travellers.

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- 3.2.3 This was the first census to include a category Gypsy/Traveller. There were 4,200 people in Scotland who recorded their ethnic group in this category (0.1%).
- 3.3 Some of the data for Moray are
  - 3.3.1 People aged over 65 accounted for 18.5% against those under 16 for 18.3%.
  - 3.3.2 The population in Moray increased by around 7% between 2001 and 2011.
  - 3.3.3 The percentage of minority ethnic groups in Moray at the census date was just over 1 per cent, the 4<sup>th</sup> lowest in Scotland.
- 3.4 Some of the data are published on interactive maps which provides visual representations of statistics at council level on population, ethnicity, identity, language, religion, health and housing and accommodation. Due to technical issues these can't at present be accessed from the Moray Council's PCs. A request has been logged with ICT to address the problems.
- 3.3 The next releases are planned for early November (education and labour market) and mid December (living arrangements). The dates of further releases are still to be confirmed. All reports with the Census results can be accessed on <u>http://www.scotlandscensus.gov.uk/en/censusresults/</u>.

## 4. <u>SUMMARY OF IMPLICATIONS</u>

- (a) Council / Community Planning Priorities
- (b) Policy and Legal
- (c) Financial implications
- (d) **Risk Implications**
- (e) Staffing Implications
- (f) Property
- (g) Equalities
- (h) Consultations
- 5. <u>CONCLUSION</u>
- 5.1 The Equality and Diversity Corporate Advisory Forum is asked to note and consider the 2011 Census key results on population, ethnicity, identity, language, religion, health, housing and accommodation in Scotland.

5.2 The Equality and Diversity Corporate Advisory Forum is asked to ensure that the statistics are made available within their service to assist officers in carrying out tasks that have a relevance to the Public Sector Equality Duties.

Author of Report:Equal Opportunities OfficerBackground Papers:With authorRef:20131011 EDCAF Report Statistical Bulletin - Release 2A

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Signature:	Date
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## Appendix I: Equality Outcomes 2013-2017

The Moray Council, its Education and Social Care department, and the Moray Licensing Board (the local authorities) will work together on equal opportunities for the next 4 years. The areas that they will work together on are:

- 1. Bullying
- 2. Domestic violence
- 3. Accessible streets in Moray

## Bullying

We know that bullying can seriously affect people and that some are afraid or embarrassed to talk about it. It can happen in schools, on the streets, at work. It can affect children as well as adults. Over the next 4 years the local authorities in Moray will work together to make sure that:

- People who feel that they are bullied are more confident to talk about it.
- People who hear about bullying will take it seriously.
- When bullying happens it is recorded better so that the local authorities know if it happens to some people more than to others.
- When bullying happens it is recorded better so that the local authorities know for some people bullying is getting worse.
- People who are being bullied are better supported.
- People who do the bullying get help to change their behaviour.

## Domestic violence

As with bullying, domestic violence is a serious issue that people often are afraid or embarrassed to talk about. Women are most commonly the victim but it can affect men as well. It can affect married people as well as people in same sex partnerships. Often, children whose parent is a victim of domestic abuse are seriously affected when they see it happening. Over the next 4 years the local authorities in Moray will work together to make sure that:

- People who are victim of domestic violence are more confident to talk about it.
- People who hear about or see domestic violence will take it report it.
- When domestic violence happens it is recorded better so that the local authorities know if it happens to some people more than to others.
- When bullying happens it is recorded better so that the local authorities know that for some people it is getting worse.
- Victims whose first language is not English will have better access to interpretation services when seeking help.
- Victims who have special needs will have quicker access to an assessment by an occupational therapist.

## Accessible streets in Moray

For some people there can be barriers to using the streets. Some of these are easy to prevent if people think about where they leave wheelie bins or recycling boxes or where they park their cars. Other barriers may need more work or will cost money to be taken away. Over the next 4 years the local authorities in Moray will work with people who have a disability, are elderly or feel unsafe to

- Find out what stops them from using the streets
- Make other people aware of how their behaviour stops some people from using the streets
- Find ways of making streets in Moray more accessible
- Publish information about accessible streets in Moray.

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The full text of the equality outcomes can be found here